

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

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HARRISVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE BOARD OF EDUCATION HARRISVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Harrisville Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Harrisville Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Harrisville Central School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Harrisville Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Harrisville Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Harrisville Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Harrisville Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 5-18), Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (page 80), Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund (pages 81-82), Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) - NYSLRS Pension Plan (page 83), and Schedule of District's Contributions - NYSLRS Pension Plan (page 84) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Harrisville Central School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit – General Fund, Schedule of Capital Projects Fund – Project Expenditures and Financing Resources, Combined Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds, Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds, and Net Investment in Capital Assets (pages 85-89) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit – General Fund, Schedule of Capital Projects Fund – Project Expenditures and Financing Resources, Combined Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds, Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds, and Net Investment in Capital Assets (pages 85-89) are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2024, on our consideration of the Harrisville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Harrisville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Harrisville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and compliance.

Bours & Company

Watertown, New York November 20, 2024

INTRODUCTION

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Harrisville Central School District's (the District) financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. It is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year.

The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion & analysis, the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section presents Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). It precedes the financial statements, and its purpose is to put current financial performance in perspective relative to past performance and future expectations.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District, district-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements and notes are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Table A-1	ble A-1 Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statement						
		Fund Financia	Statements				
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds				
Scope	Entire District (except	The activities of the School	Instances in which the School				
	fiduciary funds)	District that are not fiduciary,	District acts as a trustee or an				
		such as instruction, special	agent for resources that				
		education and building	belong to others but does not				
		maintenance	have administrative control,				
			such as property taxes				
			collected on behalf of other				
			governments or scholarships				
			in a trust				
Required Financial	1. Statement of Net Position	3. Balance Sheet	5. Statement of Fiduciary Net				
Statements			Position				
	2. Statement of Activities	4. Statement of Revenues,	6. Statement of Changes in				
		Expenditures, and Changes in	Fiduciary Net Position				
		Fund Balance					
Accounting Basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting and	Accrual accounting and				
Measurement Focus	economic resources focus	current financial focus	economic resources focus				
Type of Asset /	All assets, deferred outflows	Generally, assets and deferred	All assets, deferred outflows				
	of resources, liabilities, and	outflows of resources expected	of resources, liabilities, and				
Resources / Liability	deferred inflows of resources	to be used up and liabilities and	deferred inflow of resources,				
/ Deferred Inflow of	both financial and capital,	deferred inflows of resources	both short-term and long-				
Resources	short-term and long-term.	that come due during the year or	term; funds do not currently				
Information		-	contain capital assets,				
		or long-term liabilities included	although they can				
Type of Inflow/	All revenues and expenses	Revenues for which cash is	Additions and deductions				
Outflow Information	during the year, regardless of		during the year, regardless of				
	when cash is received or paid	end of the year; expenditures	when cash is received or paid				
	1	when goods or services have	1				
		been received and the related					
		liability is due and payable					

District-Wide Financial Statements

The first two financial statements that follow are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status. The districtwide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net Position - the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in enrollment, changes in the property tax base, changes in program funding by the Federal and State governments, and condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as Governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The fund financial statements concentrate on the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds listed in total in one column. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

The District has two kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds - include most of the District's basic services. They generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending.

- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- The governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
- Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information detailed in Note 2 of the financial statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Fiduciary Funds - the District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the custodial fund.

- The fiduciary funds statements provide information about financial relationships in which the District acts trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as property taxes collected on behalf of other governments.
- The District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong.
- The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

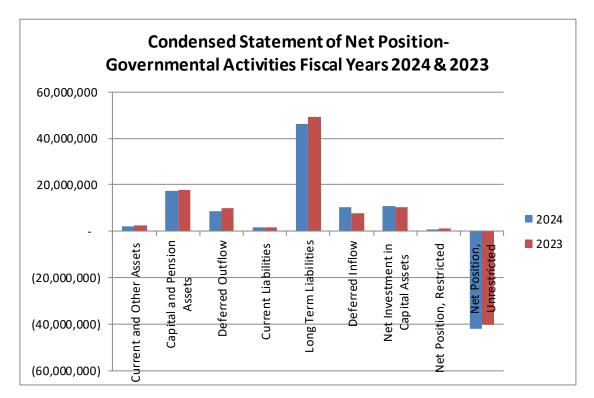
Condensed Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities

	2024	2023	Percent Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 2,059,054	\$ 2,710,030	-24.0%
Capital Assets, Net	17,197,652	17,627,914	-2.4%
Total Assets	\$ 19,256,706	\$ 20,337,944	-5.3%
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Other Postemployment Benefits	\$ 6,664,430	\$ 7,564,655	-11.9%
Pensions	2,006,441	2,413,591	-16.9%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 8,670,871	\$ 9,978,256	-13.1%
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	\$ 1,686,894	\$ 1,804,757	-6.5%
Long-Term Liabilities	46,320,472	49,129,020	-5.7%
Total Liabilities	\$ 48,007,366	\$ 50,933,777	-5.7%
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Other Postemployment Benefits	\$ 9,684,717	\$ 7,560,106	28.1%
Pensions	507,202	291,952	73.7%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 10,191,919	\$ 7,852,058	29.8%
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 10,852,068	\$ 10,526,571	3.1%
Restricted	775,766	1,282,008	-39.5%
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(41,899,542)	(40,278,214)	-4.0%
Total Net Position	\$ (30,271,708)	\$ (28,469,635)	-6.3%

Total District net position deficit increased 6.3% in 2023-2024, or \$1,802,073 from the prior year balance. Long-term liabilities decreased 5.7% or \$2,808,548 in fiscal year ending 2024 due mainly to the changes in long-term liabilities for GASB 68 Pensions and GASB 75 OPEB. Other changes included capital assets decreased 2.4%, or \$430,262 and restricted net position decreased 39.5% or \$506,242, during fiscal year ending 2024.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE - Continued

Net Position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the School District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$30,271,708 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents a \$1,802,073 deficit increase in the statement of net position for the year. The overall deficit is largely due to the District's other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") liability. As of June 30, 2024, the OPEB liability was \$39,275,159. See Note 11 for additional OPEB information.



HARRISVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

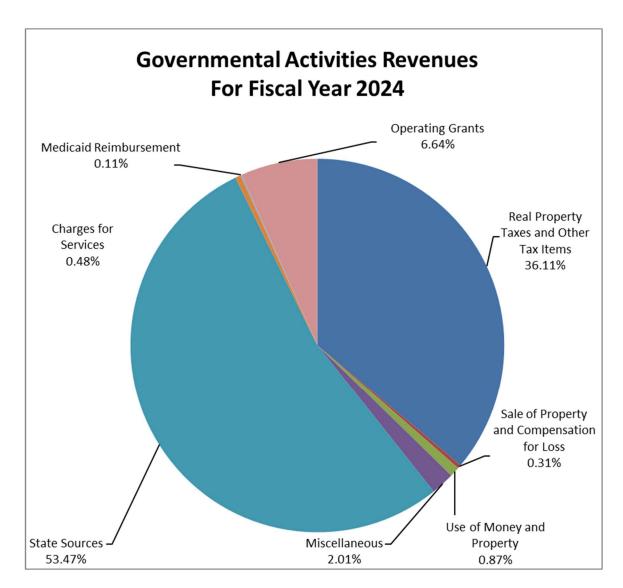
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2024

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE - Continued

Condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position – District Wide

	Fiscal Year 2024	Fiscal Year 2023	Percent Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 57,173	3 \$ 130,191	-56.1%
Operating Grants	784,372	2 1,666,799	-52.9%
Capital Grants	-	- 27,865	-100.0%
General Revenues			
Real Property Taxes and Other Tax Items	4,268,236	6 4,107,133	3.9%
State Aid	6,319,339	9 6,178,212	2.3%
Federal Aid	12,617	7 50,878	-75.2%
Use of Money and Property	102,295	5 70,238	45.6%
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	5,527	6,202	-10.9%
Gain on Disposal of Property	31,000) 66,511	-53.4%
Miscellaneous	238,599	222,304	7.3%
Total Revenues	11,819,158	8 12,526,333	-5.6%
Expenses			
General Support	2,489,027	7 2,213,720	12.4%
Instruction	9,118,159	9 8,917,712	2.2%
Pupil Transportation	1,379,784	1,210,301	14.0%
Community Service	1,303	3 1,230	5.9%
Debt Service - Interest	242,015	5 271,536	-10.9%
School Food Service Program	390,943	340,855	14.7%
Total Expenses	13,621,231	12,955,354	5.1%
Change in Net Position	\$ (1,802,073	3) \$ (429,021)	-320.0%

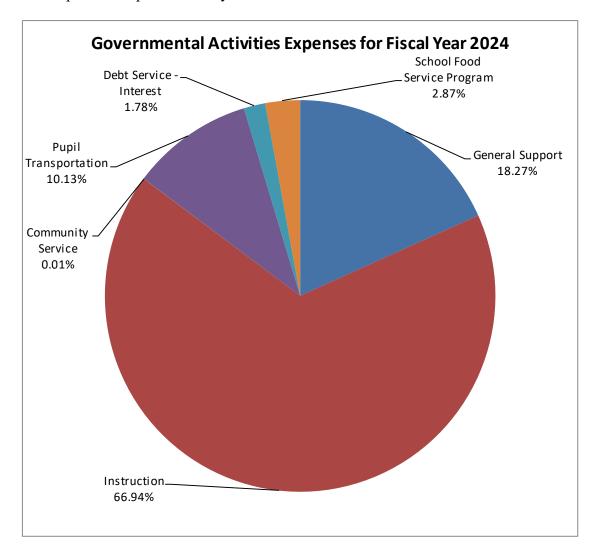
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE - Continued



The District's total revenues were \$11,819,158. A majority of the revenue comes from state aid for general programs of 53.47%, or \$6,319,339. Property taxes, including STAR and interest and penalties, accounted for another 36.11%, or \$4,268,236 of total revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE - Continued

The total cost of all programs and services was \$13,621,231. \$9,118,159, or 66.94%, of the District's expenses are predominately related to instruction.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE - Continued

Following is a discussion of significant percentage changes in revenues and expenditures for the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

Revenues:

- Charges for services- This revenue category accounted for a -56.1% decrease in 2023-2024. The District had day school tuition decrease as we only had (1) student from another school attend Harrisville CSD for a partial school day. Also, the School Lunch Fund sales decreased as the District was approved for all students to receive free breakfast and lunch for the school year starting in October of 2023.
- State Aid This revenue category accounted for a 2.3% increase in 2023-2024 compared to the prior year.
- Real Property Taxes- This revenue category accounted for a 3.9% increase in 2023-2024 compared to the prior year.
- Operating Grants- This revenue category accounted for a -52.9% decrease in 2023-2024 aid and reimbursements. The District expended almost all the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and American Rescue Plan (ARP) during the 2022-2023 school year.
- Federal Aid This revenue category accounted for a -75.2% decrease in 2023-2024 due to the District having little to no Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and American Rescue Plan (ARP) funds remaining for the 2023-2024 school year.

The total change in revenue from 2022-2023 to 2023-2024 amounted to a decrease of -5.6%.

Expenses:

- General Support This category increased 12.4%. General support expenditures are totaled from the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, as well as the School Food Service Fund.
- Instruction Instructional expenditures increased 2.2% in 2023-2024 compared to the prior year.

The total change in expenditures from 2022-2023 to 2023-2024 amounted to an increase of 5.1%. Therefore, with the increase in expenditure and decrease in revenue it left the District with a (1,802,073) decrease in Net Position.

ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$384,868 as compared to last year's ending fund balance of \$913,680. The combined fund balance decreased \$528,812. The fund balance in the General Fund decreased 24.7% or \$319,453. The budgeted appropriated fund balance decreased from \$305,000 for 2023-2024 to \$300,000 for 2024-2025. However, due to the negative unassigned fund balance, the District was not able to appropriate the \$300,000 for the 2024-2025 budget.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revises its annual budget to reflect unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. A schedule of the District's original and final budget amounts compared with actual revenues and expenses is provided in the supplemental section of the audited financial report. Following is a discussion comparing Revenue and Expenditure final budget variances with budgetary actual.

Revenues:

• Overall Revenues - The District received \$172,462 less in revenue and other financing sources compared to the final budget. The District budgeted \$11,259,651, however, received \$11,087,189.

Expenditures:

- General Support The actual general support expenditures for 2023-2024 were \$1,779,031. The final budgeted expenditures for general support totaled \$1,810,663. This is a 1.75%, or \$31,632 variance between budgeted and actual general support expenditures.
- Instruction The actual instructional expenditures for 2023-2024 were \$4,285,616. This was a \$211,956, or 4.71%, variance from the final budgeted figure of \$4,497,572. Special Education instruction and program expenses have the potential to fluctuate significantly from year to year due to new and current students being classified for these services.
- Pupil Transportation The actual pupil transportation expenditures for 2023-2024 totaled \$664,685. This was a \$75,374, or a 10.18%, variance from final budgeted expenditures of \$740,059.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS - Continued

Fund Balance

The fund balance at June 30, 2023 totaled \$1,291,859. At June 30, 2024, the ending fund balance equaled \$972,406. Fund balance includes nonspendable of \$6,358, reserves of \$714,855 and unassigned fund balance of \$251,193.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Category	2024	2023	Percent Change
Land	\$ 25,165	\$ 25,165	0.0%
Construction in Progress	254,833	253,119	0.7%
Buildings and Site Improvements (Net of Depreciation)	15,964,446	16,291,134	-2.0%
Vehicles (Net of Depreciation)	506,359	527,396	-4.0%
Furniture and Equipment (Net of Depreciation)	409,775	482,255	-15.0%
Intangible Lease Asset- Equipment (Net of Amortization)	37,074	48,845	-24.1%
Total	\$17,197,652	\$ 17,627,914	

The above statement of capital assets includes current year's depreciation and amortization of \$800,803. At June 30, 2024, the District had invested \$17,197,652 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and intangible lease equipment assets. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

	I	Fiscal Year]	Fiscal Year	Percent
Category		2024		2023	Change
General Obligation Bonds (Net of Unamortized Premium)	\$	5,994,860	\$	6,628,619	-9.6%
Postemployment Benefits		39,275,159		41,170,200	-4.6%
Net Pension Liability		833,861		1,047,812	-20.4%
Lease Liability		37,087		46,955	-21.0%
Compensated Absences		179,505		235,434	-23.8%
Total	\$	46,320,472	\$	49,129,020	-5.7%

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION - Continued

Long-Term Debt - Continued

At year end, the District had \$46,320,472 in long-term debt, consisting of general obligation bonds, compensated absences, lease liabilities, and postemployment benefits, as shown. Long-term debt highlights include:

- Debt Service: The District paid \$575,000 in bond principal.
- Copier Lease: The District paid \$9,868 in lease principal for the equipment lease related to the copier obtained on January 1, 2023 with an interest rate of 2% and a final maturity date of January 1, 2028.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health:

- Enrollment figures for 2023-2024 was 340 which increased from enrollment figures from 2022-2023; however, for the 2024-2025 school year enrollment reported on BEDS day is 313.
- The District is in the process of converting their UPK program from (2) half-day sessions during the 2024-2025 fiscal year to (1) Full Day session in 2025-2026 due to enrollment decrease; with this conversion the grant in aid should cover 100% of the costs. The program is currently serving 16 children.
- □ The contract for the Harrisville Service Association (HSEA) is on a contract until 6/30/2027. The contract for the Harrisville Teacher's Association (HTA) expires on 6/30/2025 and the District will start negotiations in February 2025.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, participants, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact: Business Office, Harrisville Central School, Pirate Lane, Harrisville, NY 13648.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES June 30, 2024

ASSETS

ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Unrestricted	\$	400,566
Restricted		789,602
Receivables		
State and Federal Aid		518,048
Due From Other Governments		309,867
Other		17,200
Inventories		17,312
Prepaid Expenses		6,459
Capital Assets, Net		17,197,652
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	19,256,706
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions	\$	2,006,441
Other Postemployment Benefits		6,664,430
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	8,670,871
LIABILITIES		
Payables		
Accounts Payable	\$	379,419
Accrued Liabilities		78,904
Due to Other Governments		2,034
Accrued Interest Payable		36,796
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		321,820
Due to Employees' Retirement System		57,261
Unearned Credits		
Unearned Revenues		7,593
Notes Payable		
Bond Anticipation Note		803,067
Long-Term Liabilities		
Due and Payable Within One Year		
Bonds Payable, Net of Unamortized Premium		658,759
Lease Liability		10,076
Due and Payable After One Year		
Bonds Payable, Net of Unamortized Premium		5,336,101
Lease Liability, Net		27,011
Compensated Absences Payable		179,505
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		833,861
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable		39,275,159
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	48,007,366
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions	\$	507,202
Other Postemployment Benefits		9,684,717
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	10,191,919
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	10,852,068
Restricted	,	775,766
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(41,899,542)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(30,271,708)
	·	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Program	Revenu	les		let (Expense) Revenue and
			Cha	rges for		perating		Changes in
		Expenses	Se	ervices		Grants	1	Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS								
General Support	\$	2,489,027	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,489,027)
Instruction		9,118,159		17,084		552,090		(8,548,985)
Pupil Transportation		1,379,784		-		-		(1,379,784)
Community Service		1,303		-		-		(1,303)
Debt Service - Interest		242,015		-		-		(242,015)
School Food Service Program		390,943		40,089		232,282		(118,572)
Total Functions and Programs	\$	13,621,231	\$	57,173	\$	784,372		(12,779,686)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Real Property Taxes								3,934,723
Other Tax Items								333,513
Use of Money and Property								102,295
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss								5,527
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets								31,000
State Sources								6,319,339
Medicaid Reimbursement								12,617
Miscellaneous								238,599
Total General Revenues								10,977,613
								//

Change in Net Position	(1,802,073)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 (28,469,635)
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (30,271,708)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2024

	General Fund		Special Aid Fund		
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Unrestricted	\$	282,721	\$	2,960	
Restricted		714,855		-	
Receivables					
Due From Other Funds		870,075		592	
State and Federal Aid		97,526		378,586	
Due From Other Governments		309,867		_	
Other		15,821		188	
Inventories		-		-	
Prepaid Expenditures		6,358		-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,297,223	\$	382,326	
LIABILITIES					
Payables					
Accounts Payable	\$	379,419	\$	-	
Accrued Liabilities		77,234		-	
Due to Other Funds		489,083		446,809	
Due to Other Governments		-		-	
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		321,820		-	
Due to Employees' Retirement System		57,261		-	
Unearned Credits					
Unearned Revenues		-		7,593	
Notes Payable					
Bond Anticipation		-		-	
Total Liabilities		1,324,817		454,402	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred State Aid		-		-	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		-		-	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
Nonspendable		6,358		-	
Restricted		714,855		-	
Unassigned (Deficit)		251,193		(72,076)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		972,406		(72,076)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	2,297,223	\$	382,326	

Capital Projects Fund - Buses		Non-Major Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	114,885	\$	400,566	
	-		74,747		789,602	
	488,855		228		1,359,750	
	-		41,936		518,048	
	-		-		309,867	
	575		616		17,200	
	-		17,312		17,312	
	-		101		6,459	
\$	489,430	\$	249,825	\$	3,418,804	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	379,419	
	-		1,670		78,904	
	-		423,858		1,359,750	
	-		2,034		2,034	
	-		-		321,820	
	-		-		57,261	
	-		-		7,593	
	803,067				803,067	
	803,067		427,562		3,009,848	
	_		24,088		24,088	
	_		24,088		24,088	
			<u>,</u>			
	-		-		6,358	
	-		60,911		775,766	
	(313,637)		(262,736)		(397,256)	
	(313,637)		(201,825)		384,868	
¢	480 420	¢	240 825	¢	2 110 001	
\$	489,430	\$	249,825	\$	3,418,804	

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balance (Deficits)- Governmental Funds			\$	384,868
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Pos because:	ition	are different		
Proportionate share of long-term liabilities associated with participation in systems are not current financial resources or obligations and are not rep statements.				
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share - TRS	\$	208,068		
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share - ERS		625,793		(833,861)
Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current-per and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements consist of:	iod	expenditures		
Other Postemployment Benefits Pensions	\$	9,684,717 507,202	(1	10,191,919)
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-per and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements consist of:	riod	expenditures		
Other Postemployment Benefits Pensions	\$	6,664,430 2,006,441		8,670,871
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources a not reported as assets in governmental funds:	and	therefore are		
The Cost of Capital Assets is	\$	29,188,152		
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization is	(11,990,500)		17,197,652
Governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "av the Statement of Activities report revenues when earned. Long-term rev related to Capital Projects Fund - SSBA were reported as revenue in Activities and Deferred Inflow in the government funds. When funds are	venu the e co	e differences Statement of		
subsequent year, they will be reported as revenue in the governmental fun	ds.			24,088

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION-CONTINUED June 30, 2024

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, lease liabilities and compensated absences, are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities, at year end, consist of:

Bonds Payable	\$ 5,390,000	
Premium on Bond Payable	604,860	
Accrued Interest Payable	36,796	
Lease Liability	37,087	
Compensated Absences Payable	179,505	
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	39,275,159	(45,523,407)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (30,271,708)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund		Special Aid Fund	
REVENUES				
Real Property Taxes	\$	3,934,723	\$	-
Other Tax Items		333,513		-
Charges for Services		17,084		-
Use of Money and Property		76,267		-
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		5,527		-
State Sources		6,319,339		105,295
Medicaid Reimbursement		12,617		-
Federal Sources		-		446,795
Surplus Food		-		-
Sales - School Food Service		-		-
Miscellaneous		116,040		11,227
Total Revenues		10,815,110		563,317
EXPENDITURES				
General Support		1,779,031		-
Instruction		4,285,616		524,919
Pupil Transportation		664,685		5,944
Community Service		1,303		-
Employee Benefits		3,421,195		39,004
Debt Service				
Principal		821,789		-
Interest		296,473		-
Cost of Sales - School Food Service		-		-
Other Expenditures		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-
Total Expenditures		11,270,092		569,867
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(454,982)		(6,550)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
BAN Redeemed From Appropriations		-		-
Premium on Obligations		-		-
Operating Transfers In		272,079		6,550
Operating Transfers (Out)		(136,550)		-
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		135,529		6,550
Net Change in Fund Balances		(319,453)		-
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		1,291,859		(72,076)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	972,406	\$	(72,076)

Capital Projects Fund Buses		on-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,934,723
-	Ŧ	_	*	333,513
-		-		17,084
-		25,827		102,094
-		-		5,527
-		59,070		6,483,704
-		-		12,617
-		156,632		603,427
-		16,580		16,580
-		40,089		40,089
		111,332	_	238,599
-		409,530		11,787,957
		-		
-		181,456		1,960,487
-		-		4,810,535
-		-		670,629
-		-		1,303
-		63,913		3,524,112
				821,789
-		-		296,473
-		- 145,574		145,574
-		100,848		100,848
124,990		97,151		222,141
124,990		588,942		12,553,891
(124,990)		(179,412)		(765,934)
(124,990)		(17),412)		(705,554)
236,921		_		236,921
201		-		200,921
-		130,000		408,629
_		(272,079)		(408,629)
237,122		(142,079)		237,122
112,132		(321,491)		(528,812)
(425,769)		119,666		913,680
\$ (313,637)	\$	(201,825)	\$	384,868

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO STATEMENT OF **ACTIVITIES**

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund	l Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$ (528,812)
Amounts reported for because:	governmental activities in the Statement of A	Activities a	are different	
Net Position, assets w in the Statement of A reported as deprecia	eport capital outlays as expenditures. However with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,0 Activities the cost is allocated over their estin ation and amortization expense. This is the tization exceeded capital outlays and gain on o	00 are cap nated usef e amount	pitalized and ful lives and t by which	
	Capital Outlays	\$	339,541	
	Gain on Disposal of Property		31,000	
	Depreciation and Amortization Expense		(800,803)	(430,262)
reduces long-term liab	incipal is an expenditure in the governmental fu bilities in the Statement of Net Position. This the current period for bonds and lease liabilities	is the amo		584,868
in the governmental f when it is paid, and th of Activities, however of when it is paid. The change in accrued in	debt in the Statement of Activities differs from funds because interest is recorded as an exp us requires the use of current financial resour r, interest expense is recognized as the interest e interest reported in the Statement of Activities terest on bonds and BANs and decreased b	enditure i rces. In th st accrues es is incre	n the funds e Statement s, regardless eased by the	54.450
bond premiums.				54,458
(vacations and certain measured by the amo	f Activities, certain operating expenses-co n sick pay) and special termination benefits (punt earned during the year. In the governme e items are measured by the amount of fina	(early reti ental fund	rement)-are ls, however,	
(essentially, the amoun				55,929

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2024

On the Statement of Activities, the actual and projected long-term expenditures for postemployment benefits and related deferred outflows/inflows are reported, whereas, on the governmental funds only the actual expenditures are recorded for postemployment benefits.

(1,129,805)

(Increases) decreases in proportionate share of net pension asset (liability) and related deferred inflows and outflows reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.

Teachers' Retirement System	\$ (286,315)	
Employees' Retirement System	(122,134)	(408,449)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (1,802,073)

HARRISVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2024

	Custodial		
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Restricted	\$	-	
Total Assets	\$	-	
LIABILITIES			
Other Liabilities	\$	-	
Total Liabilities		-	
NET POSITION			
Restricted	\$	-	

See notes to audited basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Custodial		
ADDITIONS			
Taxes Collected for Other Governments (Library Levy)	\$	65,000	
Total Additions		65,000	
DEDUCTIONS			
Payment of Tax to Other Governments (Library Levy)		65,000	
Total Deductions		65,000	
Change in Net Position		-	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		-	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	-	

NOTES TO AUDITED BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Harrisville Central School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are described below:

Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB 39, *Component Units*, GASB 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB No. 14 and No. 39, GASB Statement 80 - Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, GASB 84, <i>Fiduciary Activities*, and GASB 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria*, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 And No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB 32. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

NOTES TO AUDITED BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Extra Classroom Activity Funds

The Extra Classroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extra Classroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extra Classroom Activity Funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in a miscellaneous special revenue fund.

Joint Venture

The District is one of 18 component school districts in the St. Lawrence-Lewis Counties Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, \$1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$1,529,186 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$770,909. This represents state aid distributions of \$696,668 and 2023 fund balance returned to schools of \$74,241.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Statements

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State and Federal aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including each type of fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Basis of Presentation - Continued

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, child nutrition, extra classroom activity funds which the District has administrative involvement or other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>Special Aid Fund:</u> Used to account for proceeds received from state and federal grants that are restricted for specific educational programs.

<u>School Food Service Fund:</u> Used to account for child nutrition activities whose funds are restricted as to use.

<u>Extra Classroom Activity Funds:</u> Used to account for funds operated by and for the students of the District. The Board exercises general oversight of these funds. The extra classroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management.

<u>Scholarships and Awards Fund:</u> Used to account for proceeds received from various individuals and organizations that are restricted for specific scholarship and award programs not under specific trust arrangements.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities. For these funds, each capital project is assessed to determine whether it is a major or nonmajor fund. Those capital projects that are determined to be major are reported in separate columns in the financial statements. Those that are determined to be nonmajor are reported in the supplemental schedules either separately or in the aggregate.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulations of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities. When a capital asset is sold and all or a portion of the bonds used to finance the capital asset are outstanding, this fund must be used to account for the proceeds from the sale of capital assets up to the balance of related bonds outstanding.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District and are not available to be used.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Basis of Presentation - Continued

The District uses one class of fiduciary funds:

<u>Custodial Funds</u>: These funds are limited to assets that are being held for individuals, private organizations, or other governments that are not held in a trust. Assets are held by the District as agent for property taxes collected on behalf of other governments.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, State Aid, grants and donations.

On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from State Aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is appropriated by the State. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year as it matches the liquidation of related obligations.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pensions, and other post-employment benefits which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset, intangible lease asset, and intangible subscription asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions of leases and subscriptions with terms greater than one year are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1st and became a lien on August 14, 2023. Taxes are collected during the period September 1, 2023 to October 31, 2023.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties of Lewis and St. Lawrence, in which the District is located. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 9 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of capital assets, intangible lease assets, and intangible subscription assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Receivables

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Food Service Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates market. Purchases of inventory items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Inventories and Prepaid Items - Continued

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of the fund balance in the amount of these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been identified as not available for other subsequent expenditures.

Other Assets

In the district-wide financial statements, bond discounts and premiums, and any prepaid bond insurance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt issue. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

Capital Assets and Intangible Lease Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions or estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements:

	-	talization reshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life	
Site Improvements	\$	5,000	SL	5-20 Years	
Buildings		5,000	SL	20-50 Years	
Furniture and Equipment		5,000	SL	5-8 Years	
Vehicles		5,000	SL	5-10 Years	

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Capital Assets and Intangible Lease Assets – Continued

Intangible lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used for lease acquisitions that are prepaid and have no corresponding lease liability. Intangible lease assets are amortized over the lease term (3-5 years) consistent with the decrease in the related lease liability or using the straight-line method if there is no corresponding lease liability.

The District does not possess any infrastructure.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item relates to OPEB reporting in the district-wide *Statement of Net Position*. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience and the changes of assumptions, and other inputs. The third item is the District contributions to the New York State Teachers' and Employees' pension systems and to Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plan subsequent to the measurement date.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources - Continued

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (TRS and ERS system) and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs. The third item arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as deferred inflow of resources for Smart Schools Bond Act payments which have not yet been received within 60 days of year-end. They represent a deferred inflow only on the balance sheet in the governmental funds and revenue on the District-wide Statement of Activities.

Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenues is removed and revenue is recognized.

Vested Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Vested Employee Benefits – Continued

Compensated Absences - Continued

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as expenditure.

Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Short-Term Debt - Continued

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes are converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in full, in a timely manner, from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Equity Classifications

District-Wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) and intangible lease assets (present value of future payments remaining on the term less accumulated amortization) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Funds Statements

In the fund basis statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes prepaid expenditures in the General Fund of \$6,358. The nonspendable portion in the School Food Service Fund is limited by available fund balance.

Restricted - Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, all expenditures made from the employee benefit accrued liability reserve fund must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Equity Classifications - Continued

Repair Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-d, expenditures made from the repairs reserve must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education without voter approval may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Retirement Contributions

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, all expenditures made from the retirement contributions reserve must be used for financing retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees Retirement System. This reserve is established by Board resolution and is funded by budgetary appropriation and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Unemployment Insurance

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, all expenditures made from the unemployment insurance payment reserve must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Equity Classifications - Continued

Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, all expenditures made from the workers' compensation reserve fund must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Extra Classroom Activity Funds

According to the regulations of the Commissioner of Education (8 NYCRR Part 172), the Board of Education of the District is required to make the rules and regulations for the establishment, conduct, operation, and maintenance of extra classroom activities and for the safeguarding, accounting and audit of all moneys received. According to the regulations of the Board of Education, the monies represent the funds of the students of the District and must be used by the student organizations of the District. These monies are accounted for in the Extra Classroom Activity Funds.

Scholarships and Awards Fund

According to constraints placed on the use of resources established by various scholarship and award programs, must be used for the specific purpose outlined in the program. These monies are accounted for in the Scholarships and Awards Fund.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Equity Classifications - Continued

Restricted fund balance includes the following at June 30, 2024:

General Fund	
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	\$ 146,972
Repair Reserve	39,882
Retirement Contributions	257,044
Unemployment Insurance	149,091
Workers' Compensation	121,866
Extra Classroom Fund	42,177
Scholarships and Awards	 18,734
Total Restricted Funds	\$ 775,766

Committed – Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2024.

Assigned - Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund. Assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund. Encumbrances reported in the General Fund amounted to \$-0-. Any remaining fund balance in other funds is considered assigned.

Unassigned - Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds, excluding the reserve for tax reduction, a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year, encumbrances and amounts reserved for insurance recoveries are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Equity Classifications - Continued

Order of Use of Fund Balance

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (e.g., expenditures related to reserves) the expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by either budget vote or board approved budget revision and then from the unrestricted fund balance. Expenditures incurred in the unrestricted fund balances shall be applied first to the assigned fund balance to the extent that there is an assignment and then to the unassigned fund balance.

New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2024, the District implemented the following new statement issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, effective for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, effective for the year ended June 30, 2025.

GASB has issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, effective for the year ended June 30, 2025.

GASB has issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, effective for the year ended June 30, 2026.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the District-wide statements, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term liabilities, including pensions and other postemployment benefits payable.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

1. Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

2. Capital Related Differences:

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase or financing of intangible lease assets in the governmental fund statements and depreciation or amortization expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS - Continued

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities - Continued

3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences:

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Pension Differences:

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset (liability) and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

5. OPEB Differences:

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contribution and OPEB expense.

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental fund for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. No supplemental appropriations occurred during the year.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

Special revenue funds have not been included in the comparison because they do not have a legally authorized (appropriated) budget.

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred, or the commitment is paid.

Other

The Capital Project Fund-Buses had a deficit fund balance of \$313,637. This will be funded when the District obtains permanent financing. The Capital Project Fund-SSBA had a deficit fund balance of \$25,802. This will be funded with future proceeds from state aid. The Capital Project Fund-2021-2022 had a deficit fund balance of \$911. This will be funded with transfers from the General Fund.

The Special Aid fund has a deficit fund balance of \$72,076 at June 30, 2024. This will be funded with transfers from the General Fund and with State grants received in future years.

The School Food Service fund has a deficit fund balance of \$236,023 at June 30, 2024. This will be funded with transfers from the General Fund in future years.

The District had the following expenditures in excess of the approved budget line items in the General Fund:

Employee Benefits	\$ 93,691
Debt Service	10,745
Operating Transfers to Other Funds	6,550
General Support - Finance	6,509
General Support - Special Items	44,059

NOTE 4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE AND FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS

Cash

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust	
department or agent, but not in the District's name	\$ 31,257

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$714,855 restricted for various fund balance reserves in the General Fund, \$4,500 restricted for capital project in the Capital Project 2021-22 Fund, \$42,082 restricted for extra classroom in the Extra Classroom Activity Funds, and \$28,165 restricted for scholarships and awards in the Scholarships and Awards Fund within the governmental funds.

Deposits are valued at cost or cost plus interest and are categorized as either (1) insured, or for which the securities are held by the District's agent in the District's name, (2) collateralized, and for which the securities are held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name, or (3) uncollateralized. At June 30, 2024 all deposits were fully insured and collateralized by the District's agent, but not in the District's name.

The District follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with Federal, State and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Business Manager of the District.

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk.

The District does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE AND FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS – Continued

Investment Pool

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

The amounts held represent the cost of the investment pool shares and are considered to approximate net asset value. The investment pool is categorically exempt from the New York State collateral requirements. At June 30, 2024, the District held \$984,289 in the investment pool. Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of NYCLASS.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE LEASE ASSETS

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No 87, *Leases*, the District has recognized an intangible lease asset for agreements whereby the District obtains the right to the present service capacity of an underlying asset and the right to determine the nature and manner of an underlying asset's use for a period of one year or greater. The District has entered into such lease agreements for various items and other equipment.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE LEASE ASSETS – Continued

Capital asset and intangible lease asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements / Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Capital Assets That Are Not Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 25,165	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,165
Construction in Progress	253,119	1,714		254,833
Total Nondepreciable Assets	278,284	1,714		279,998
Other Capital Assets:				
Site Improvements	613,744	117,400	-	731,144
Buildings	24,898,545	95,437	-	24,993,982
Furniture and Equipment	1,989,626	-	-	1,989,626
Vehicles	1,090,112	155,990	(108,987)	1,137,115
Intangible Lease Assets-Equipment	56,287	-	-	56,287
Total Other Capital Assets	28,648,314	368,827	(108,987)	28,908,154
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Site Improvements	375,663	27,537	-	403,200
Buildings	8,845,492	511,988	-	9,357,480
Furniture and Equipment	1,507,371	72,480	-	1,579,851
Vehicles	562,716	177,027	(108,987)	630,756
Less Accumulated Amortization:				
Intangible Lease Assets-Equipment	7,442	11,771	-	19,213
Total Accumulated Depreciation and				
Amortization	11,298,684	800,803	(108,987)	11,990,500
Total Other Capital Assets, Net	17,349,630	(431,976)		16,917,654
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 17,627,914	\$ (430,262)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 17,197,652

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Support	\$ 121,710
Instruction	502,066
Pupil Transportation	 177,027
	\$ 800,803

NOTE 6 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt may be authorized and issued to fund the following:

Capital project costs and other approved expenditures incurred prior to obtaining permanent financing through issuance of bond anticipation notes (BANs).

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	Maturity Dates	Stated Interest Rate	Beginning Balance			Issued	R	edeemed	Ending Balance		
BAN BAN	9/1/2023 8/31/2024	3.43% 3.90%	\$	728,008	\$	- 803,067	\$	728,008	\$	- 803,067	
			\$	728,008	\$	803,067	\$	728,008	\$	803,067	
Intere	st on short-	term debt	for th	e year com	pose	d of:					

Interest Paid	\$ 24,971
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	 (20,661) 26,000
Total Interest on Short-Term Debt	\$ 30,310

The proceeds of the BANs were used as short-term financing for bus purchases.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Further, the unmatured principal of general long-term debt does not require current appropriation and expenditure of governmental fund financial resources.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS - Continued

Serial Bonds

The District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment, construct buildings, or make improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the local government. The provisions will be in the General Fund's future budgets for capital indebtedness.

Lease Liabilities

The District enters into agreements to lease office equipment. Leases with a lease term greater than twelve months are recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

Governmental Activities	eginning Balance	Add	litions	R	eductions	Ending Balance	Du	mounts e Within ne Year
Long-Term Liabilities: General Obligation Debt Serial Bonds Premium on Bonds	\$ 5,965,000 663,619	\$	-	\$	575,000 58,759	\$ 5,390,000 604,860	\$	600,000 58,759
Total Long-Term Liabilities	 6,628,619		-		633,759	 5,994,860		658,759
Other Long-Term Liabilities Net Pension Liability - Proportionate								
Share	1,047,812		-		213,951	833,861		-
Compensated Absences Payable	235,434		-		55,929	179,505		-
Lease Liability	46,955		-		9,868	37,087		10,076
Other Postemployment Benefits	 41,170,200		-		1,895,041	 39,275,159		-
	10 500 401					10 005 (10		10.050
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	 42,500,401		-		2,174,789	 40,325,612		10,076
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 49,129,020	\$	-	\$	2,808,548	\$ 46,320,472	\$	668,835

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences and postemployment benefits.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS - Continued

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	FinalInterest RateMaturity(%)		Balance
Serial Bond 2012	06/28/12	06/15/28	2.0-3.5	\$ 340,000
Serial Bond 2019	06/17/19	06/15/34	3.0-5.0	4,160,000
Serial Bond 2022	06/15/22	06/15/27	5.00	890,000
Total				\$ 5,390,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable at year-end June 30:

]	Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$	600,000	\$	244,500	\$	844,500
2026		550,000		217,200		767,200
2027		495,000		191,350		686,350
2028		500,000		167,050		667,050
2029		510,000		142,350		652,350
2030-2034		2,735,000		380,100		3,115,100
Total	\$	5,390,000	\$	1,342,550	\$	6,732,550

Existing lease obligations:

	Issue	Final Interest Rate				
Description	Date	Maturity	(%)	Balance		
Copiers-Symquest	1/1/2023	1/1/2028	2.082	\$	37,087	

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS - Continued

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for lease liabilities at year-end June 30:

	P	rincipal	In	terest	Total
2025	\$	10,076	\$	670	\$ 10,746
2026		10,286		460	10,746
2027		10,500		246	10,746
2028		6,225		42	 6,267
	\$	37,087	\$	1,418	\$ 38,505

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 271,502
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year Less: Amortization of Bond Premium	(11,834) 10,796 (58,759)
Total Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$ 211,705

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS

General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS) and the New York State Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee defined benefit retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) Plan Description

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Annual Comprehensive Financial report which can be found on the System's website at <u>www.nystrs.org</u>.

Employees' Retirement System (ERS) Plan Description

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including benefits information with regard to provided, mav be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

HARRISVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO AUDITED BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

TRS Benefits Provided

Benefits

The benefits provided to members of the System are established by New York State law and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and are subdivided into the following six classes:

Tier 1

Members who last joined prior to July 1, 1973 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law.

Tier 2

Members who last joined on or after July 1, 1973 and prior to July 27, 1976 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL).

Tier 3

Members who last joined on or after July 27, 1976 and prior to September 1, 1983 are covered by the provisions of Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 4

Members who last joined on or after September 1, 1983 and prior to January 1, 2010 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 5

Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 6

Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

TRS Benefits Provided - Continued

Service Retirements

Tier 1 members are eligible, beginning at age 55, for a service retirement allowance of approximately 2% per year of credited service times final average salary.

Under Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tier 1 and 2 members can receive additional service credit of one-twelfth of a year for each year of retirement credit as of the date of retirement or death up to a maximum of 2 additional years.

Tiers 2 through 5 are eligible for the same but with the following limitations: (1) Tiers 2 through 4 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 55 through 61 with 30 years of service or reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 through 61 with less than 30 years of service. (2) Tier 5 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 57 through 61 with 30 years of service. They receive a reduced benefit for retirement at age 55 and 56 regardless of service credit, or ages 57 through 61 with less than 30 years of service.

Tier 6 members are eligible for a service retirement allowance of 1.75% per year of credited service for the first 20 years of service plus 2% per year for years of service in excess of 20 years times final average salary. Tier 6 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 63. They receive a reduced benefit at ages 55-62 regardless of service credit.

Vested Benefits

Retirement benefits for Tiers 1-6 are now vested after 5 years of credited service. Prior to April 9, 2022, Tier 5 and 6 members were to attain 10 years of credited service to be vested. Benefits are payable at age 55 or greater with the limitations previously noted for service retirements.

Disability Retirement

Members are eligible for disability retirement benefits after 10 years of credited New York State service except for Tier 3 where disability retirement is permissible after 5 years of credited New York State service pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL. The Tier 3 benefit is integrated with Social Security.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

TRS Benefits Provided – Continued

Death Benefits

Death benefits are paid to the beneficiary of active members who die in service and certain retirees. For active members, the benefit is based on final salary, age and the number of years of credited service. For retired members, it is also based on the number of years in retirement.

Prior and Military Service

After 2 years of membership, members of all tiers may claim and receive credit for prior New York State public or teaching service. Only Tier 1 and 2 members may, under certain conditions, claim out-of-state service. Certain members may also claim military service credit prior to or interrupting membership.

Tier Reinstatement

In accordance with Chapter 640 of the Laws of 1998, any active member who had a prior membership may elect to be reinstated to their original date and Tier of membership.

Permanent Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

Section 532-a of the Education Law provides a permanent cost-of-living benefit to both current and future retired members. This benefit will be paid commencing September of each year to retired members who have attained age 62 and have been retired for 5 years or attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years. Disability retirees must have been retired for 5 years, regardless of age, to be eligible. The annual COLA percentage is equal to 50% of the increase in the consumer price index, not to exceed 3% nor be lower than 1%. It is applied to the first eighteen thousand dollars of maximum annual benefit. The applicable percentage payable beginning September 2022 and 2021 is 3.0% and 1.4%, respectively. Members who retired prior to July 1, 1970 are eligible for a minimum benefit of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars for 35 years of credited full-time New York State service. Certain members who retire pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL are eligible for automatic cost-of-living supplementation based on the increase in the consumer price index with a maximum per annum increase of 3%.

ERS Benefits Provided

Benefits

The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

ERS Benefits Provided - Continued

Tier 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 5 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the 3 highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year's compensation used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 20 percent greater than the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tier 3, 4, and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 5 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with 5 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

ERS Benefits Provided - Continued

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the 3 highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year's compensation used in the final average salary calculated is limited to no more than 10 percent greater than the average of the previous 2 years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 5 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with 5 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the 5 highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 6 members, each year's compensation used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 10 percent greater than the average of the previous 4 years.

Vested Benefits

Members who joined the System prior to January 1, 2010 need five years of service to be 100 percent vested. Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 required 10 years of service credit to be 100 percent vested. As of April 9, 2022, legislation was passed that reduced the number of years of service credit from 10 years to 5 years. Therefore, all Members are vested when they reach 5 years of service credit.

Disability Retirement Benefits

Disability retirement benefits are available to ERS members unable to perform their job duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts, and other rules such as any offset of other benefits depend on a member's tier, years of service, and plan.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

ERS Benefits Provided – Continued

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all retirees who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all retirees who have attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years; (iii) all disability retirees, regard less of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one- half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent.

Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year and each of the two preceding years. (The District chose to prepay the required contributions by December 15, 2023 and received an overall discount of \$1,242.)

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

Funding Policies-Continued

The District's share of the required contributions based on covered payroll paid for the current and two preceding years were:

	NYSTRS			NYSERS		
2023-2024	\$	345,779	\$	172,658		
2022-2023		314,149		121,111		
2021-2022		268,761		148,190		

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported the following asset (liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset (liability) was measured as of March 31, 2024 for ERS and June 30, 2023 for TRS. The total pension asset (liability) used to calculate the net pension asset (liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS		TRS
Measurement Date	Ma	rch 31, 2024	J	une 30, 2023
District's Proportionate Share of the				
Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$	(625,793)	\$	(208,068)
District's Portion (%) of the Plan's Total				
Net Pension Asset (Liability)	(0.0042501%		0.018194%
Change in Proportion Since the Prior Measurement Date	(0.0009831%		0.000099%

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District's recognized pension expense of \$122,134 for ERS and \$286,315 for TRS. At June 30, 2024 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources				
		ERS		TRS		ERS		TRS
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions	\$	201,568 236,598	\$	504,510 447,964	\$	17,064	\$	1,247 97,631
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		106,360		305,697		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between the District's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		114,526		47,753		-		85,563
District's Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		57,261		289,901		_		
Total	\$	609,953	\$	1,396,488	\$	322,761	\$	184,441

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset (liability) in the year ended June 30, 2025, if applicable. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense for the year ended as follows:

	ERS		TRS	
2025	\$	(75,283)	\$	72,448
2026		148,117		(107,406)
2027		204,436		831,310
2028		(47,339)		54,649
2029		-		40,617
Thereafter		-		30,528

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset (liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2024	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 1, 2023	June 30, 2022
Interest Rate	5.9%	6.95%
Salary Scale	4.4%	1.3%
Decrement Tables	April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation Rate	2.9%	2.4%

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2024	June 30, 2023
Asset Type		
Domestic Equity	4.00%	6.80%
International Equity	6.65%	7.60%
Private Equity	7.25%	10.10%
Global Equity		7.20%
Real Estate	4.60%	6.30%
Opportunistic / Absolute Return Strategies	5.25%	
Credit	5.40%	
Real Assets	5.79%	
Fixed Income	1.50%	
Cash	0.25%	0.30%
Private Debt		6.00%
Real Estate Debt		3.20%
Domestic Fixed Income Securities		2.20%
Global Bonds		1.60%
High-Yield Bonds		4.40%

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset (liability) was 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset (liability).

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.9% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage point higher (6.9% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1% Decrease (4.9%)	- / · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		crease Assumption 1% Incre		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$ (1,967,558)	\$ (625,793)	\$ 494,859			
TRS	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current Assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)			
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$ (3,168,981)	\$ (208,068)	\$ 2,282,188			

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - Continued

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset (liability) of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)					
		ERS		TRS		Total
Measurement Date Employer's Total Pension Asset (Liability) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	March 31, 2024 (240,696,851) 225,972,801	\$	June 30, 2023 (138,365,122) 137,221,537	\$	(379,061,973) 363,194,338
Employer's Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$	(14,724,050)	\$	(1,143,585)	\$	(15,867,635)
Ratio of Plan Fiduciary Net Position to the Employer's Total Pension Asset (Liability)		93.88%		99.17%		

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2024 through June 30, 2024 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tie. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$57,261. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are paid to the System in September, October, and November 2024 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 are paid to \$321,820.

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Interfund			Interfund				
	R	eceivables		Payables	R	evenues	Ex]	pe nditure s
General	\$	870,075	\$	489,083	\$	272,079	\$	136,550
Special Aid		592		446,809		6,550		-
School Food Service		-		269,117		30,000		-
Debt Service		-		113,998		-		272,079
Extra Classroom Activity		165		-		-		-
Scholarships & Awards		-		9,467		-		-
Capital Projects - Buses		488,855		-		-		-
Capital Projects - Non-Major		63		31,276		100,000		-
Total	\$	1,359,750	\$	1,359,750	\$	408,629	\$	408,629

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

The General Fund advances funds to the Special Aid Fund and the School Food Service Fund to provide temporary cash until New York State has reimbursed the grant programs. An interfund transfer was made from General Fund to Capital Projects Fund-Non-Major to cover the capital outlay project. An interfund transfer was made from General Fund to School Food Service Fund as budgeted to cover the deficit fund balance.

NOTE 10 – FUND BALANCE EQUITY

The following is a summary of the Governmental Funds fund balances of the District at the year ended June 30, 2024:

Fund Balances(Deficits)		General		Special Aid		Capital Projects Fund - Total Non- Buses Major		Gov	Total vernmental Funds	
Non-Spendable										
Prepaid Expenditures	\$	6,358	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,358
Restricted										
Retirement Cont.		257,044		-		-		-		257,044
Workers' Comp.		121,866		-		-		-		121,866
Unemployment Ins.		149,091		-		-		-		149,091
Employee Benefit Accrued										
Liability		146,972		-		-		-		146,972
Repair Reserve		39,882		-		-		-		39,882
Extra Classroom Activities		-		-		-		42,177		42,177
Scholarships and Awards		-		-		-		18,734		18,734
Unassigned (Deficit)										
General Fund		251,193		-		-		-		251,193
School Food Service Fund		-		-		-		(236,023)		(236,023)
Special Aid		-		(72,076)		-		-		(72,076)
Capital Projects-Buses		-		-		(313,637)		-		(313,637)
Capital Project-2021-22		-		-		-		(911)		(911)
Capital Projects-SSBA		-		-		-		(25,802)		(25,802)
Total Governmental Fund										
Balance (Deficit)	\$	972,406	\$	(72,076)	\$	(313,637)	\$	(201,825)	\$	384,868

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District's Board, subject to applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements, and Board of Education policy. The plan does not issue a separate financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At July 1, 2023 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	67
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	89
Total Covered Employees	156

The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance annually as expenditures in the General Fund of the fund financial statements as payments are made. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized \$1,114,883 for its share of premiums for currently enrolled retirees.

The District provides postemployment (health insurance, etc.) coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements.

The District provides a self-insured minimum premium traditional indemnity plan to eligible retirees and dependents through the St. Lawrence-Lewis health care consortium (the Plan). Currently 67 retired employees have elected to participate and contribute health insurance payments under the District's plan. Participants must be eligible to retire under the New York State Retirement System (ERS or TRS) and meet the minimum requirements of age 55 with 5 years of service. The plan pays for 100% of the cost of premiums of employees who retired after July 1, 2008 and 98% of the cost of premiums of employees who retired after July 1, 2008 and before July 1, 2009 and 95% of the cost of premiums of employees who retired after July 1, 2009. The plan pays 95% of the cost of premiums of employees who were principals, superintendents, and term employees.

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS – Continued

General Information about the OPEB Plan - Continued

Spousal benefits continue for the life of the retired employee spouse and surviving spouses are permitted to continue coverage after the death of the retiree but are responsible for paying 100% of the plan premium through COBRA. The plan pays for 95% of the cost of spousal premiums of employees who retired prior to July 1, 2008 and 93% of the cost of spousal premiums of employees who retired after July 1, 2008 and before July 1, 2009 and 90% of the cost of spousal premiums of employees who retired after July 1, 2009. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report.

Total OPEB Liability

The District has obtained an actuarial valuation report as of June 30, 2024 which indicates that the total liability for other postemployment benefits is \$39,275,159 which is reflected in the Statement of Net Position. The OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2023 and was determined by actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions	
Measurement Date	07/01/23
Rate of Compensation Increase	3.00%
Inflation Rate	2.70%
Discount Rate	3.65%
Assumed Medical/Prescription Drug Trend Rates at June 30	
Health Care Cost Trend Rate Assumed for Next Fiscal Year	6.80%
Rate to Which the Cost Trend Rate is Assumed to Decline	
(the Ultimate Trend Rate)	4.14%
Fiscal Year that the Rate Reaches the Ultimate Trend Rate	2094
Additional Information	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage
Amortization Period (In Years)	6.27
Amortization Period Status	Open
Method Used to Determine Actuarial Value of Assets	N/A

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS – Continued

Total OPEB Liability - Continued

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Bond Go Index as of July 1, 2023.

Mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct and job category-specific headcount weighted Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for employees and healthy retirees, adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2021 mortality improvement scale on a generational basis.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2022 – June 30, 2023.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 41,170,200
Changes for the Year	
Service Cost	1,349,197
Interest	1,484,231
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(5,005,135)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	1,460,608
Benefit Payments	 (1,183,942)
Net Changes	 (1,895,041)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 39,275,159

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.54 percent as of July 1, 2022 to 3.65 percent on July 1, 2023.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.65 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate:

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS – Continued

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - Continued

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.65%	3.65%	4.65%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 46,292,281	\$ 39,275,159	\$ 33,680,384

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (trend decreasing to 3.14 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (trend increasing to 5.14 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(trend Less 1%	(Trend	(Trend Plus 1%
	Decreasing to	Decreasing to	Increasing to
	3.14%)	4.14%)	5.14%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 33,035,846	\$ 39,275,159	\$ 47,419,493

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,129,805. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 766,915	\$ 4,206,868
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	4,808,744	5,477,849
Benefit Payments Subsequent to the Measurement Date	 1,088,771	 -
	\$ 6,664,430	\$ 9,684,717

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT (HEALTH INSURANCE) BENEFITS– Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – Continued

District benefit payments subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

2025	\$ 61,575
2026	(205,497)
2027	(1,393,547)
2028	(1,488,192)
2029	(930,760)
2030 and Thereafter	 (152,637)
	\$ (4,109,058)

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

General

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

Pooled Non-Risk-Retained

The District participates in the St. Lawrence-Lewis Counties School District Employee Medical Plan, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health and accident insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of 18 individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members up to \$2,000,000 annual maximum and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

Pooled Non-Risk-Retained – Continued

The District participates in the St. Lawrence-Lewis Counties School District Employees Workers' Compensation Plan, a risk-sharing pool, to insure Workers' Compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation claims. The District's share of the liability for unbilled and open claims is \$-0-.

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. The District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The District has been served with Notices of Claim brought pursuant to the Child's Victims Act. If the matter proceeds to trial, there is a potential that the District may be required to provide a settlement for which they do not have insurance coverage. The District intends to defend itself vigorously against this suit, however, no predictions have been made as of the report date as to the outcome or potential liability. The likelihood that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations cannot be made at this time.

NOTE 14 – DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted by the donor for the purposes of Scholarships.

Donor-restricted endowments are reported at fair value.

The District authorizes expenditures from donor-restricted endowments in compliance with the wishes expressed by the donor, which varies among the unique endowments administered by the District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Ended June 30, 2024

Total OPEB Liability	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Service Cost	\$ 1,349,197	\$ 1,868,329	\$ 1,895,312	\$ 1,356,718	\$ 1,022,079	\$ 1,290,475	\$ 1,342,680
Interest	1,484,231	981,661	1,025,543	1,233,637	1,200,374	1,212,095	1,200,653
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	(5,005,135)	-	1,190,269	-	703,846	-	(1,938,583)
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	1,460,608	(5,132,079)	(3,585,237)	8,943,066	1,865,758	(3,979,682)	(8,131,813)
Benefit Payments	(1,183,942)	(1,102,755)	(960,415)	(867,786)	(926,893)	(885,904)	(873,309)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(1,895,041)	(3,384,844)	(434,528)	10,665,635	3,865,164	(2,363,016)	(8,400,372)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	41,170,200	44,555,044	44,989,572	34,323,937	30,458,773	32,821,789	41,222,161
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 39,275,159	\$ 41,170,200	\$ 44,555,044	\$ 44,989,572	\$ 34,323,937	\$ 30,458,773	\$ 32,821,789
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,729,950	\$ 4,272,009	\$ 3,825,852	\$ 4,017,925	\$ 3,815,552	\$ 3,730,552	\$ 3,595,586
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	830.35%	963.72%	1164.58%	1119.72%	899.58%	816.47%	912.84%

10 years of historical information was not available upon implementation. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is available.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget
REVENUES		
Local Sources		
Real Property Taxes	\$ 4,263,309	\$ 3,934,723
Other Tax Items	5,000	333,586
Charges for Services	-	-
Use of Money and Property	40,000	40,000
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	-	-
Miscellaneous	107,863	107,863
Total Local Sources	4,416,172	4,416,172
State Sources	6,678,355	6,678,355
Medicaid Reimbursement	21,000	21,000
Total Revenues	11,115,527	11,115,527
O THER FINANCING SO URCES		
Transfers From Other Funds	-	-
Appropriated Reserves	144,124	144,124
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	11,259,651	11,259,651
EXPENDITURES		
General Support		
Board of Education	8,660	9,239
Central Administration	208,651	216,023
Finance	168,162	185,278
Staff	67,360	96,392
Central Services	871,616	947,652
Special Items	370,629	356,079
Total General Support	1,695,078	1,810,663
Instruction		
Instruction, Administration and Improvement	293,925	230,375
Teaching - Regular School	2,292,417	2,255,506
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	842,390	623,054
Occupational Education	400,000	364,100
Teaching - Special School	32,350	32,350
Instructional Media	308,810	320,103
Pupil Services	612,916	672,084
Total Instruction	4,782,808	4,497,572
Pupil Transportation	701,262	740,059
Community Service	2,000	2,000
Employee Benefits	3,196,650	3,327,504
Debt Service	1,107,517	1,107,517
Total Expenditures	11,485,315	11,485,315
O THER FINANCING USES		
Operating Transfers to Other Funds	130,000	130,000
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	11,615,315	11,615,315
Net Change in Fund Balance	(355,664)	(355,664)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,291,859	1,291,859
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 936,195	\$ 936,195
rand Balances - Lind Of Feat	φ 950,195	φ 950,195

HARRISVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

				nal Budget
Actual			Varian	ce With Actual
\$ 3,934,723			\$	-
333,513				(73)
17,084				17,084
76,267				36,267
5,527				5,527
 116,040				8,177
4,483,154				66,982
6,319,339				(359,016)
12,617				(8,383)
10,815,110				(300,417)
272,079				272,079
 -			. <u></u>	(144,124)
11,087,189			\$	(172,462)
	Year-	·En d	Final Bud	get Variance With
	Encumb	rances	Actual a	nd Encumbrances
5,822	¢		¢	3,417
	\$	-	\$	
213,018		-		3,005
191,787		-		(6,509)
93,184		-		3,208
875,082		-		72,570
400,138				(44,059)
 1,779,031		-		31,632
222,758		-		7,617
2,210,840		-		44,666
614,118		-		8,936
332,348		-		31,752
15,537		-		16,813
298,647		-		21,456
591,368		-		80,716
4,285,616		-		211,956
664,685		-		75,374
1,303		-		697
3,421,195		-		(93,691)
1,118,262		-		(10,745)
 11,270,092		-		215,223
 136,550		-		(6,550)
 11,406,642	\$		\$	208,673
 (319,453)				
1,291,859				

Final Budget

Note to Required Supplementary Information <u>Budget Basis of Accounting</u>: Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in independent auditor's report.

HARRISVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET (LIABILITY) – NYSLRS PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2	2023		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015
Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)															
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	0.018194%	0).018095%		0.016615%		0.018013%	0.018066%	0.018846%	0.017329%		0.016675%		0.017049%	0.018298%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$ (208,068	\$	(347,226)	\$	2,879,285	\$	(497,734)	\$ 469,362	\$ 340,778	\$ 131,715	\$	(178,596)	\$	1,770,891	\$ 2,038,335
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,528,607	\$ 3	3,345,357	\$	2,830,130	\$	3,048,631	\$ 3,236,618	\$ 3,219,102	\$ 2,900,261	\$	2,707,184	\$	2,645,512	\$ 2,760,308
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	5.90%	·	10.38%		101.74%		16.33%	 14.50%	 10.59%	 4.54%		6.60%		66.94%	 73.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset (Liability)	99.17%		98.57%		113.25%		97.76%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%		99.01%		110.46%	111.48%
Employees' Retirement System (ERS)															
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	0.0042501%	0.0	0032670%	().0031546%	(0.0029306%	0.0024968%	0.0025951%	0.0028135%	(0.0024250%	(0.0024297%	0.0026215%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$ (625,793	\$	(700,586)	\$	257,878	\$	(2,918)	\$ (661,171)	\$ (183,872)	\$ (90,804)	\$	(227,861)	\$	(389,967)	\$ (88,559)
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,418,173	\$	1,095,870	\$	965,446	\$	906,332	\$ 759,572	\$ 752,961	\$ 773,611	\$	682,206	\$	661,921	\$ 705,614
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	44.13%	·	63.93%		26.71%		0.32%	 87.05%	 24.42%	 11.74%		33.40%		58.91%	 12.55%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset (Liability)	93.88%		90.78%		103.65%		99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%		94.70%		90.68%	97.95%

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS – NYSLRS PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)										
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 345,779	\$ 314,149	\$ 268,761	\$ 270,876	\$ 320,251	\$ 300,834	\$ 321,833	\$ 341,195	\$ 448,953	\$ 439,232
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 345,779	 314,149	 268,761	 270,876	 320,251	 300,834	321,833	 341,195	 448,953	 439,232
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	3,528,607	3,345,357	2,830,130	3,048,631	3,236,618	3,219,102	2,900,261	2,707,184	2,645,512	2,760,308
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	9.80%	9.39%	9.50%	8.89%	9.89%	9.35%	11.10%	12.60%	16.97%	15.91%
Employees' Retirement System (ERS)										
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 172,658	\$ 121,111	\$ 148,190	\$ 126,238	\$ 104,160	\$ 104,874	\$ 113,128	\$ 98,284	\$ 135,284	\$ 114,363
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 172,658	 121,111	 148,190	 126,238	 104,160	 104,874	113,128	 98,284	135,284	 114,363
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	1,418,173	1,095,870	965,446	906,332	759,572	752,961	773,611	682,206	661,921	705,614
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	12.17%	11.05%	15.35%	13.93%	13.71%	13.93%	14.62%	14.41%	20.44%	16.21%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT – GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2024

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget	\$ 11,564,651
Add: Prior Year's Encumbrances	 50,664
Original Budget	11,615,315
Budget Revision	 -
Final Budget	\$ 11,615,315

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW CALCULATION

2024-2025 Voter Approved Expenditure Budget		\$ 11,774,879
Maximum Allowed 4% of 2024-2025 Budget		\$ 470,995
General Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		
Unrestricted Fund Balance:		
Assigned Fund Balance	\$ -	
Unassigned Fund Balance	 251,193	
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	 251,193	
Less:		
Appropriated Fund Balance	-	
Encumbrances Included in Assigned Fund Balance	 -	
Total Adjustments	 -	
General Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 251,193
Actual Percentage		 2.13%

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES Year Ended June 30, 2024

							Exj	oenditures						Fin	ancing R	esources						
											_		BAN	_						_		Fund
		Original		Revised	Р	rior	(urrent		Une	expended	Б	Redeemed From		oceeds Of	State		Local			nsfer to Other	Balance (Deficit)
PROJECT TITLE	Ар	propriation	Ap	propriation	Y	ears		Year	 Total	В	alance	App	propriations	Obli	igations	Aid	:	Sources	 Total	F	unds	/30/2024
Capital Outlay 23-24	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	95,437	\$ 95,437	\$	4,563	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	95,437	\$ 95,437	\$	-	\$ -
Capital Outlay 22-23		100,000		100,000	1	105,474		-	105,474		(5,474)		-		-	-		104,563	104,563		-	(911)
Smart School Bond Act	t	300,494		300,494	2	253,118		1,714	254,832		45,662		-		-	232,807		-	232,807		3,777	(25,802)
Buses		1,678,000		1,802,990	1,6	529,369		124,990	 1,754,359		48,631		1,440,521		201	-		-	 1,440,722		-	 (313,637)
Totals	\$	2,178,494	\$	2,303,484	\$ 1,9	987,961	\$	222,141	\$ 2,210,102	\$	93,382	\$	1,440,521	\$	201	\$ 232,807	\$	200,000	\$ 1,873,529	\$	3,777	\$ (340,350)

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2024

		School od Service Fund	Cl	Extra assroom ctivities		holarships and Awards	Debt Service	Ca	pital Project - 2021-22	ital Project - 2023-24		tal Project - SSBA		Total on-Major Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and Cash Equivalents														
Unrestricted	\$	887	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 113,998	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	114,885
Restricted		-		42,082		28,165	-		4,500	-		-		74,747
Receivables														
Due From Other Funds		-		165		-	-		63	-		-		228
State and Federal Aid		17,848		-		-	-		-	-		24,088		41,936
Other		580		-		36	-		-	-		-		616
Prepaid Expenditures		101		-		-	-		-	-		-		101
Inventories		17,312		-		-	 -		-	 -		-		17,312
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	36,728	\$	42,247	\$	28,201	\$ 113,998	\$	4,563	\$ -	\$	24,088	\$	249,825
LIABILITIES														
Payables														
Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,670	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,670
Due to Other Funds		269,117		-		9,467	113,998		5,474	-		25,802		423,858
Due to Other Governments		1,964		70		-	-		-	-		-		2,034
Total Liabilities		272,751		70		9,467	113,998		5,474	 -		25,802		427,562
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES														
Deferred State Aid		-		-		-	-		-	-		24,088		24,088
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		-		-		-	 -		-	 -		24,088		24,088
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)														
Restricted		-		42,177		18,734	-		-	-		-		60,911
Unassigned(Deficit)		(236,023)		-		-	-		(911)	-		(25,802)		(262,736)
Total Fund Balances(Deficits)		(236,023)		42,177		18,734	 -		(911)	 -		(25,802)		(201,825)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF DESCUDIES: AND FIND BALANCES (DEFECTS)	\$	36,728	¢	42 247	¢	28 201	\$ 112 000	¢	150	\$	\$	24.089	¢	240 825
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	ۍ ا	30,728	\$	42,247	\$	28,201	\$ 113,998	\$	4,563	\$ -	3	24,088	\$	249,825

COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Foo	School d Service Fund	Cla	Extra assroom ctivities	s	cholarships and Awards	 Debt Service	tal Project - 2021-22	ll Project - 123-24	tal Project - SSBA	N	Total on-Major Funds
REVENUES												
Use of Money and Property	\$	34	\$	-	\$	389	\$ 25,404	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	25,827
State Sources		59,070		-		-	-	-	-	-		59,070
Federal Sources		156,632		-		-	-	-	-	-		156,632
Surplus Food		16,580		-		-	-	-	-	-		16,580
Sales - School Food Service		40,089		-		-	-	-	-	-		40,089
Miscellaneous		-		96,534		14,798	-	-	-	-		111,332
Total Revenues		272,405		96,534		15,187	25,404	 -	 -	-		409,530
EXPENDITURES												
General Support		181,456		-		-	-	-	-	-		181,456
Employee Benefits		63,913		-		-	-	-	-	-		63,913
Cost of Sales - School Food Service		145,574		-		-	-	-	-	-		145,574
Other Expenditures		-		93,356		7,492	-	-	-	-		100,848
Capital Outlay		-		-		-	-	-	95,437	1,714		97,151
Total Expenditures		390,943		93,356		7,492	-	-	95,437	 1,714		588,942
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										 		
Over Expenditures		(118,538)		3,178		7,695	 25,404	 -	 (95,437)	 (1,714)		(179,412)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)												
Operating Transfers In		30,000		-		-	-	4,563	95,437	-		130,000
Operating Transfers (Out)		-		-		-	(272,079)	-	-	-		(272,079)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		30,000		-		-	 (272,079)	 4,563	 95,437	 -		(142,079)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(88,538)		3,178		7,695	(246,675)	4,563	-	(1,714)		(321,491)
Fund Balances (Deficits)- Beginning of Year		(147,485)	_	38,999		11,039	 246,675	 (5,474)	 -	 (24,088)		119,666
Fund Balances (Deficits) - End of Year	\$	(236,023)	\$	42,177	\$	18,734	\$ -	\$ (911)	\$ -	\$ (25,802)	\$	(201,825)

NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2024

Capital Assets, Net		\$ 17,197,652
Deduct:		
Bond Anticipation Notes	\$ 803,067	
Less: Unspent BAN Proceeds	(489,430)	
Premium on Bonds Payable	604,860	
Short-Term Portion of Bonds Payable	600,000	
Long-Term Portion of Bonds Payable	4,790,000	
Short-Term Portion of Lease Liability	10,076	
Long-Term Portion of Lease Liability	27,011	6,345,584
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 10,852,068



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

BOARD OF EDUCATION HARRISVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Harrisville Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Harrisville Central School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Harrisville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Harrisville Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Harrisville Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control that we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified two deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2024-001 and 2024-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Harrisville Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Harrisville Central School District's Response to Findings

Governmental Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Harrisville Central School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Harrisville Central School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bours & Company

Watertown, New York November 20, 2024 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2024

Finding Control Number: 2024 -001

Significant Deficiency

Fund Balance Maintenance

Criteria

Management needs to exercise control over the contribution, use and tracking of operational fund balances including reserved, assigned and unassigned fund balances. To exercise control, management must develop a plan which ensures that balances are reasonable based on the needs of the District, verify balances are available for contributions to reserves or assignment of fund balance, and safeguard restricted cash balances to ensure they are available for their intended use.

Condition

The District did not have enough unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2024 to meet assignments made through the 2024-2025 budget vote to finance the subsequent years' budget appropriations.

Context

The General Fund's total fund balances as of June 30, 2024 totaled \$972,406 including \$714,855 in restricted reserve balances. There was a shortfall of available funds in the amount of \$48,807 in unassigned fund balance needed for the assignment of 2024-2025 budgetary appropriations at year-end. Management reallocated the budgetary assigned 2024-2025 appropriations of \$300,000 to unassigned fund balance to ensure a deficit within the General Fund did not occur.

Effect

The District did not have enough fund balance available within the General Fund to ensure that assigned balances were available for appropriation as approved in the 2024-2025 budget. Furthermore, we noted five budget expenditures line items that were over appropriated during the year ended June 30, 2024.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Finding Control Number: 2024 -001 - Continued

Recommendation

We recommend that management implement the following:

- Management should update the reserve plan on an annual basis which ensures that reserve balances remain available and are appropriate to meet the needs of the District.
- Management should develop procedures to ensure assigned fund balances remain available for their designated purposes.
- Management should review budget to actual expenditures in the General Fund and transfer appropriations between budget line items as deemed necessary.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions

Management has updated the reserve plan yearly since 2022-2023. Management has signed up for Professional Development trainings through Office of Comptrollers & Questar III to understand the process of using Reserve Accounts and making sure balances are appropriate for our District.

Management needs to make sure that what is initially budgeted for revenues is what the District will be receiving. The initial State Aid runs that the District budgets off are significantly higher than what the District receives; this is the affect from estimating too high in the ST3 of what expenditures will be for the following year.

What this essentially does is The District is expending under budget, but because the District is not receiving the full revenues expected we are having a deficient Fund Balance for the General Fund. The District has now calculated better estimated costs for the next school year in the ST3 and updates the ST3 frequently to be sure the initial estimated runs are more accurate for The District to budget the next school year with.

Management reviews budget to actual expenditures in the General Fund monthly and makes sure budget transfers between budget line items are done monthly as well. The (5) appropriation accounts that were overspent were BOCES appropriation accounts that were affected when trying to make beginning balances of accounts payable accurate to the 2023-2024 audit.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2024

Finding Control Number: 2024 -002

Significant Deficiency

Fund Balance Deficits

Criteria

Management needs to exercise control over the operational fund balances in the School Food Service, Special Aid and Capital Projects funds. To exercise control, management must develop a plan which ensures that balances are reasonable based on the needs of the District, verify balances are available and plan transfers from the General Fund to eliminate deficit balances.

Condition

The District has a deficit fund balance in the School Food Service Fund due to escalating costs of operating the food service program. The deficit fund balance in the Special Aid Fund was attributed to the write-off of uncollectible grant receivables in a prior year. The Capital Projects 2021-2022 Fund deficit was the result of an unanticipated capital outlay project expenditure.

Context

As of June 30, 2024, the District reported deficit fund balances of \$72,076 in the Special Aid Fund, \$236,023 in the School Food Service Fund, and \$911 in the Capital Projects Fund 2021-2022.

Effect

The District has deficit balances in three funds that require a budgeted transfer from the General Fund in a future year to eliminate the deficits.

Cause

The District has not been monitoring the above-mentioned funds to ensure there are enough assets in place and revenues generated to ensure that funds are operating with a breakeven or positive fund balance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2024

Finding Control Number: 2024 -002 - Continued

Recommendation

The District should plan to eliminate the negative fund balances with an interfund transfer from the General Fund in the 2025-2026 budget. Additionally, management should update monitoring procedures to identify and resolve negative operational results prior to their occurrence.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions

School Lunch Fund- The District monitored the School Lunch Fund, and with labor costs the School Lunch Fund will never breakeven without a General Fund Transfer. This year there was not enough in the General Fund to do more than the budgeted \$30,000. For the 2024-2025 school year \$60,000 was budgeted in hopes to breakeven or have a positive fund balance. This process will take several years to decrease the deficit fund balance of \$236,023.

Federal Fund- The District will monitor uncollectable grant receivables and be sure they are cleaned up while also monitoring current grants in the current 2024-2025 school year.

Capital Fund- The District will make sure all Capital Outlay Projects/Capital Projects are recorded properly and that the revenues and expenditures match.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Finding Control Number: 2023-001

Significant Deficiency

Fund Balance Maintenance

Criteria

Management needs to exercise control over the contribution, use and tracking of operational fund balances including reserved, assigned and unassigned fund balances. To exercise control, management must develop a plan which ensures that balances are reasonable based on the needs of the District, verify balances are available for contribution or assignment, and safeguard restricted cash balances to ensure they are available for their intended use.

Condition

The District did not maintain sufficient assets at fiscal year end June 30, 2023 to fund the assigned and reserved balances restricted within the General Fund. The District disbursed cash balances previously restricted from various reserves without seeking appropriate authorization for the use or transfer of reserve funds during the year. This resulted in insufficient cash balances being maintained within several reserve cash accounts which are necessary to ensure the availability of restricted reserve funds as required. Additionally, the District did not have enough unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2023 to meet assignments made through the 2023-2024 budget vote to finance the subsequent years' budgeted appropriations.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions

Management will update Reserve Plan by the November 2023 Board Meeting. Management will monitor restricted and assigned fund balances monthly along with expenditures in the General Fund.

Status

Similar instance was noted in the 2024 audit.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT – Continued

Finding Control Number: 2023-002

Significant Deficiency

Fund Balance Maintenance

Criteria

Management needs to exercise control over the operational fund balances in the School Food Service, Special Aid and Capital Projects funds. To exercise control, management must develop a plan which ensures that balances are reasonable based on the needs of the District, verify balances are available and plan transfers from the General Fund to eliminate deficit balances.

Condition

The District has a deficit fund balance in the School Food Service Fund due to escalating costs of operating the food service program. The deficit fund balance in the Special Aid Fund was attributed to the write-off of uncollectible grant receivables in a prior year. The Capital Projects 2021-2022 Fund deficit was the result of an unanticipated capital outlay project expenditure.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions

The District will monitor all funds monthly to ensure that funds are operating at a breakeven or positive fund balance. The District will have monthly meetings to ensure all responsible officials are monitoring each fund closely.

Status

Similar instance was noted in the 2024 audit.

NOTE B – FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

There were no prior year audit findings.

EXTRA CLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EXTRA CLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

BOARD OF EDUCATION HARRISVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying statement of cash receipts and disbursements of the Extra Classroom Activity Funds of Harrisville Central School District for the year ended June 30, 2024 and the related note to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the statement of cash receipts and disbursements of the Extra Classroom Activity Funds of Harrisville Central School District for the year then ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Harrisville Central School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statement, which describes the basis of accounting. This financial statement is prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statement that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance generally accepted auditing standards, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Appendix E of the Minimum Program for Audit of Financial Records of New York State School Districts, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Harrisville Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Harrisville Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Bours & Company

Watertown, New York November 20, 2024

EXTRA CLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS – STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Account Name	В	Cash Salance 6/30/23	Cash ursements	Cash Balance nts 6/30/24			
Class of:							
2024	\$	6,045	\$ 36,319	\$	40,606	\$	1,758
2025		1,123	10,804		6,300		5,627
2026		2,558	742		-		3,300
2027		-	2,478		1,385		1,093
NHS		613	-		-		613
Yearbook		2,136	7,690		5,588		4,238
Athletics		1,265	14,087		13,102		2,250
SRA		1,136	6,561		5,836		1,861
Music Club		8,847	4,121		5,838		7,130
Library		2,583	2,578		2,256		2,905
NJHS		14	-		-		14
JRSRA		927	434		777		584
YAC		1,396	2,954		4,038		312
Backpack		1,083	1,722		1,037		1,768
Art Club		2,674	421		421		2,674
Green Team		194	-		-		194
FFA		4,020	5,623		6,103		3,540
Due to Other Fund		165	-		-		165
Sales Tax		2,125	 -		69		2,056
Total	\$	38,904	\$ 96,534	\$	93,356	\$	42,082

EXTRA CLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS – NOTE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Extra Classroom Activity Funds of the Harrisville Central School District represents funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extra Classroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management.

The accounts of the Extra Classroom Activity Funds of the Harrisville Central School District are maintained on a cash basis and the statement of cash receipts and disbursements reflects only cash received and disbursed. Therefore, receivables and payables, inventories, long-lived assets and accrued income and expenses, which would be recognized under generally accepted accounting principles and, which may be material in amount, are not recognized in the accompanying financial statement.



To the Board of Education Harrisville Central School District

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Harrisville Central School District (the District) for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of certain matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding the matters. This letter does not affect our report dated November 20, 2024, on the financial statements of Harrisville Central School District.

Condition: Extra Classroom Activities

Our testing in the Extra Classroom Activities Funds disclosed the following:

- We noted that all cash receipts/deposit vouchers were not pre-numbered.
- 1 of 5 profit and loss forms did not include actual activity results (estimated only).
- 1 of 10 cash receipts were not deposited timely.
- 2 of 10 cash disbursements were lacking a student activity treasurer signature.
- 1 of 10 cash disbursements lacked a packing slip or other receipt verification.

Recommendation

We suggest the student treasurers and advisors review the NYS SED Publication, *The Safeguarding, Accounting and Auditing of Extra Classroom Activity Funds*, which outlines the procedures that should be followed regarding record keeping within the Extra Classroom Activity Fund. Student ledgers should be maintained and reconciled with the Central Treasurers records on a regular basis, and notably at year-end. The Publication requirements should be followed for all receipts and disbursements, ensuring supporting documentation is received, approved, and retained for all transactions and signed off by the applicable signatories.

Management's Response

The CBO will work with the Central Treasurer, advisors and student treasurers to follow the procedures outlined in the NYSED pamphlet. The CBO placed an order for numbered treasurer receipts for the Central Treasurer for deposits for the 2024-2025 fiscal year and will ensure that the number is transferred to the deposit vouchers.

Condition: Classification of Capital Outlay and Equipment Purchases

During our procedures, it was noted the District classified certain facility improvements and equipment purchases as contractual (.4) or materials and supplies instead of equipment and capital outlay (.2).

Recommendation

We recommend the District update procedures to ensure that items which meet the capitalization policy thresholds set by the District policy are reported as equipment and capital outlay (.2) to ensure they are properly reported within grant agreements and identified to be included within the Districts capital asset ledger.

Management's Response

The District will view policies and update to be sure we meet the capitalization policy thresholds set by the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of the matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and others within the District, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Bours & Company

Watertown, New York November 20, 2024



November 20, 2024

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Harrisville Central School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Harrisville Central School District for the year ended June 30, 2024. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and, *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated May 29, 2024. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Harrisville Central School District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2024. We noted no transactions entered into by Harrisville Central School District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the District's financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the depreciation is based on economic useful lives of capital asset classes.

Management's estimate of present value of right to use leased assets, lease receivables, and lease liability is based on the discount rate or implicit interest rate within the agreements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

Management estimates actuarial assumptions that are used to determine pension asset (liabilities) and annual pension cost for the year in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68.

Management estimates actuarial assumptions that are used to determine annual postretirement cost for the year in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75

We evaluated the methods, and assumptions, and data used to develop the estimated useful lives of capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The attached material misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures were corrected by management.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 20, 2024.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Harrisville Central School District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Harrisville Central School District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

The District did not have enough fund balance available within the General Fund to ensure that assigned balances were available for appropriation as approved in the 2024-25 budget. Furthermore, we noted five budget expenditures line items that were over appropriated during the year ended June 30, 2024.

The District has not been monitoring the individual funds to ensure there are enough assets in place and revenues generated to ensure that funds are operating with a breakeven or positive fund balance. It was noted the District has deficit balances in three funds that require a budgeted transfer in a future year to eliminate the deficits.

These findings were disclosed as significant deficiencies on the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) – NYSLRS Pension Plan, and Schedule of District's Contributions – NYSLRS Pension Plan, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Other Matters - Continued

We were engaged to report on the Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and Real Property Tax Limit – General Fund, Schedule of Capital Projects Fund – Project Expenditures and Financing Resources, Combined Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds, Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds, and the Net Investment in Capital Assets, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of Board of Education and management of Harrisville Central School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Bonnes & Company

Schedule 1: Material Misstatements Corrected by Management

Government-Wide

Non-Current Governmental Assets:

K00159	Total Non-Current Governmental	900,235.00	
K00497	OPEB		900,235.00
Total		900,235.00	900,235.00
Adjustin	g Journal Entries JE # 3		
To record	CY additions		
K00102	Buildings	95,437.00	
K00103	Improve.Oth.Than Bldg.(Option)		
100405		117,400.00	
K00105	Construction Work in Prog.(Opt	4 744 00	
K00107	Other Capital Assets	1,714.00	
		155,990.00	070 544 00
K00159	Total Non-Current Governmental		370,541.00
Total		370,541.00	370,541.00
Adjustin	g Journal Entries JE # 5		
to record	CY depreciation		
K00159	Total Non-Current Governmental	789,032.00	
K00112	Accumulated Depr-Bldgs		511,988.00
K00113	Accumulated Depr-Improvements		27,537.00
K00114	Accumulated Depr-Equipment		72,480.00
K00117	Accum DeprOther Cap. Assets		177,027.00
Total		789,032.00	789,032.00
Adjustin	g Journal Entries JE # 6		
To report	Pension Deferred inflow balances at 6/30/24		
K00108	Total Non-Current Governmental Assets	407,150.00	
K00496	Deferred Outflows, Pensions		407,150.00
Total		407,150.00	407,150.00

Fund Financial Statements

General Fund:

General I a			
Adjusting Jo	ournal Entries JE # 5		
To allocate	interest to reserve funds per the TB balances,		
	clear encumbrance		
A821.00	Reserve for Encumbrances	211,438.00	
A917.00	Unassigned Fund Balance	30,160.00	
A814.00	Workers' Compensation Reserve		7,587.00
A815.00	Unemployment Insurance Reserve		7,950.00
A821.01	Reserve for Encumbrances		1,193.00
A827.00	Retirement Contrib Reserve		8,642.00
A867.00	Rsrv Empl Benefits/Accr Liab		3,899.00
A882.00	Reserve for Repairs		2,082.00
A912.00	Unrestricted Fund Balance		210,245.00
Total		241,598.00	241,598.00
	ournal Entries JE # 105 ard transfers approved October 2024		
		04.004.00	
A391.00	Due From Other Funds	24,034.00	
A391.05	Due From Debt Service	113,998.00	
A630.05	Due To Debt Service Fund	134,047.00	
A05031.000	Interfund Transfers(Not D		272,079.00
Total		272,079.00	272,079.00
	ournal Entries JE # 107 ard approved reserve reductions		
A814.00	Workers' Compensation Reserve	38,908.00	
A827.00	Retirement Contrib Reserve	167,209.00	
A917.00	Unassigned Fund Balance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	206,117.00
Total		206,117.00	206,117.00

Special Aid Fund:

Adjusting Journal En To reclassify 20% of 4	itries JE # 102 408 as unreimbursable.		
F630.00	Due to General Funds	6,550.00	
SMHD24-3289.000	Other State Aid- Summer 4408	6,550.00	
F410.00	Due From State and Federal		6,550.00
SMHD22-5031.000	Interfund Transfers-4408		6,550.00
Total		13,100.00	13,100.00

Capital Fund:

	ng Journal Entries JE # 1 ase due to and due from general fund to balance alances		
H391	Due From General Funds	7,242.00	
H630	Due to General Fund		7,242.00
Total		7,242.00	7,242.00
			<u>·</u>
To repor	g Journal Entries JE # 2 t Board transfer authorized October 2024		
		24,034.00	24 024 00
To repor H630.01	t Board transfer authorized October 2024 Due to Debt Service Fund	24,034.00 	24,034.00 24.034.00

Miscellaneous Fund:

Adjusting Journal Entrie To report ECA activity for			
200.06	Cash extraclassroom	3,178.00	
CM2110.450-00-00	XClassroom Expenses	93,356.00	
CM02770	Xclassroom Revenues		96,534.00
Total		96,534.00	96,534.00

Debt Service Fund:

	g Journal Entries JE # 1		
To resolv funds	e rollforward issue in general and debt service		
V630.01	Due to General	49,641.00	
V884	Reserve for Debt		49,641.00
Total		49,641.00	49,641.00
	g Journal Entries JE # 102		
	g Journal Entries JE # 102 Board approved transfer October 2024		
		272,079.00	
To report	Board approved transfer October 2024	272,079.00	24,034.00
To report V9901	Board approved transfer October 2024 Interfund Transfers	272,079.00	24,034.00 134,047.00
To report V9901 V391	Board approved transfer October 2024 Interfund Transfers Due From Other Funds	272,079.00	

School Food Service Fund:

Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 1	
To report surplus food from FFAVORS and Value of	
Commodities Reports	
C2860- Food Purchases	
455-00	16,580.00
C4190.2 Surplus Food	
Total	16,580.00

Custodial Fund:

Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 1 To report current year library remittance			
TC 1989.400	Public Libraries	65,000.00	
TC01001	Library Tax		65,000.00
Total		65,000.00	65,000.00